### Mixed Grains

(SPECIMEN LABEL)

This Label is shared by our product numbers: 141, 041, 04X (Special Mix)

### **Our Mixed Grains contain:**

Wheat, Red Sorghum and Coarse(041) or Fine (141) Corn Chops.

Mixtures including:

Rice, Barley and Millet can be supplied (specify mixture) under the same label (04x).

## RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

### DUE TO ACUTE AVIAN TOXICITY

For sale and use only by certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification



### **MIXED GRAINS**

Active ingredient: 4-Aminopyridine

10.5%
Inert ingredients:

100.0%

Avitrol is a poison with flock alarming properties used for the control of Pigeons, House Sparrows, Red-Winged, Yellow-Headed, Brewers and Rusty Blackbirds, Grackles, Cowbirds and Starlings in on, or in the area of structures, nesting, feeding, loafing and roosting sites, in such a way that a part of a flock may react and frighten the rest away. Birds that react and alarm a flock usually die.

# CAUTION

### STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed: If the patient is unconscious, maintain breathing and heartbeat(CPR: Cardiopulmonary resuscitation). Contact your local Poison Control Center, hospital or physician immediately.

If patient is conscious: Induce vomiting with syrup of Ipecac (if not available, stimulate the back of the throat with finger). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person Contact your local Poison Control Center, hospital or physician immediately. If in eves: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

### See side panel for additional precautionary statements

### Manufactured By AVITROL CORPORATION

7644 East 46th Street Tulsa, OK 74145 (918) 622-7763 · (800) 633-5069 EPA Reg. No. 11649-7 EPA Est.11649-OK-1

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

## HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**Caution:** Harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

This pesticide is toxic to birds and fish. Wildlife feeding on treated bait may be killed. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of waste. Do not feed to livestock or poultry. Do not mix with livestock or poultry feed.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistant with its labeling.

### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

Do not use where food (grain or meat) might become contaminated.

Avitrol must not be exposed in any manner that may endanger desirable and protected bird species. If there is a question of such a hazard, consult local, state and federal game authorities before undertaking bird management with Avitrol.

Investigate local laws that may prohibit the use of any toxic chemical in bird control.

### STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not Contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

### 1. STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS:

Store in original container only. Store apart from food or animal feed and protect against rodent penetration of the carton. Store apart from other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed that may cause cross contamination of odor or insect infestation.

### 2. DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal

#### PREBAITING DIRECTIONS

This product must not be applied where non target birds are feeding. Careful observations of the birds feeding habits must therefore be made to establish proper feeding locations and to determine that no non-target birds are feeding on the prebait. prebaiting with untreated grains of the same composition of the Avitrol carrier is usually essential to the effective deterrence of the birds with Avitrol. The target species are primarily ground feeders and should be prebaited on the ground when possible. Pigeons will feed from rooftops as well as from the ground. Inside structures, prebaiting may be performed on elevated flat surfaces, perching areas and ledges. Feed acceptance from trays will normally require more time.

### **DILUTION DIRECTIONS**

Avitrol treated should be thoroughly mixed with untreated grain of the same compositions the Avitrol carrier at the dilution ratios listed below. For the control of Pigeons, Blackbirds, Grackles, Starlings and Cowbirds with Avitrol, no dilution ratio less than one part treated to nine parts untreated is recommended. House Sparrows, however, usually operate within limited areas, with feeding and nesting sites relatively close to one another. Thus while ratios of one part treated to nine (or more) untreated parts have given good control in many instances, particularly stubborn cases may require a ratio of one part treated to five parts untreated. Greater numbers of birds may be killed, however, as toxic bait is made less dilute.

### **Baiting Directions**

To obtain minimal mortality, the distribution of Avitrol should be limited to scattered spot placements that will provide feeding opportunities only for the necessary number of target birds. After the birds' feeding pattern has be established through prebaiting, replace untreated bait with diluted treated bait only at sites where the target birds are actively feeding. Do not apply treated bait to inactive feeding sites. Where uneaten bait may be a hazard to other birds or animals, it should be picked up at the end of each day. This product must not be applied where non-target bird species are feeding. During the first few days, baiting with Avitrol may require successive applications until control is obtained. Note that retreatment may also be necessary after rainfall.

Notice: Buyer and/or user assumes all risks of use and/or handling of these materials contrary to label instructions

of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of the liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and Local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.